**Project 4 - CarND-PID-Control**

For this project, major part is to identify what is PID parameter should be set. And I also did some research and below are some explaination from <http://www.ni.com/white-paper/3782/en/>:

Proportional Response:  
The proportional component depends only on the difference between the set point and the process variable. This difference is referred to as the Error term. The proportional gain (Kc) determines the ratio of output response to the error signal.

Integral Response:  
The integral component sums the error term over time. The result is that even a small error term will cause the integral component to increase slowly. The integral response will continually increase over time unless the error is zero, so the effect is to drive the Steady-State error to zero. Steady-State error is the final difference between the process variable and set point. A phenomenon called integral windup results when integral action saturates a controller without the controller driving the error signal toward zero.  
  
Derivative Response:  
The derivative component causes the output to decrease if the process variable is increasing rapidly. The derivative response is proportional to the rate of change of the process variable. Increasing the derivative time (Td) parameter will cause the control system to react more strongly to changes in the error term and will increase the speed of the overall control system response. Most practical control systems use very small derivative time (Td), because the Derivative Response is highly sensitive to noise in the process variable signal. If the sensor feedback signal is noisy or if the control loop rate is too slow, the derivative response can make the control system unstable

Back to our project, to better understand the real effect on our project of P, I, D individually, I have tried P, I, D individually on car driving parameter, ans also record the video inside project folder:

only P record.mp4

only I record.mp4

only D record.mp4

From these 3, we can see P will help to reduce error in a back and force way, but if too much error, it will not be able to reduce immeditelly. “D” stand alone doesn’t have effect, so it can be bigger. “D” is very risky, either above 0 or below 0, even small, doesn’t have a positive effect, so in the end, make it 0.

Based on large number of try and error, I have chosen final parameter as below:

pid.Init(0.1, 0, 2)

So car can run properly under this parameter.

In the end, car can run nicely like video attached: ”Car record\_PID.mp4”

For running the project, you can refer to below steps after your environment setup done:

**- If this is not first time running, remove previous folder first using:**

rm -R CarND-PID-Control-Project-master

**- You may need to select ‘y’ for certain file while removing folder. Post that, you can run below code to start project running:**

git clone https://github.com/MagicSHX/CarND-PID-Control-Project-master.git

cd CarND-PID-Control-Project-master

mkdir build && cd build

cmake .. && make

**- Last step: making sure simulation started before running below code in ubuntu:**

./pid